

Quantum Science in Ion Traps (and why it needs microfabrication)

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Outline

- ❖ Trapped ions
- ❖ Quantum Simulation
- ❖ Quantum Computation
- ❖ The need for microfabrication

Quantum Simulation with Cold Atoms (FY05 DR)

P- 21

Dana Berkeland

John Chiaverini (starting October 05)

Warren Lybarger (UCLA GRA)

Greg Ogin (GRA—departs to CalTech Sep. 05)

Bob Scarlett

Rolando Somma (Director's Postdoc Fellow)

Kendra Vant (Director's Postdoc Fellow)

MST-11

David Lizon

Quantum simulation (expt & theory)

Trap design, trap validation

T-Division

Eddy Timmermans

Juan Pablo Paz

Gerardo Ortiz

Jim Gubernatis

Theory of
quantum
simulation

Sandia NL

Matthew Blain

Chris Tigges

Trap design, fabrication

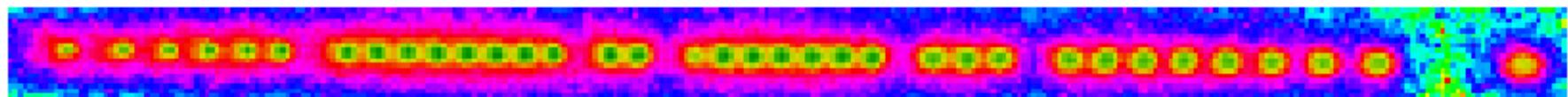
BEC quantum
simulation

C-INC

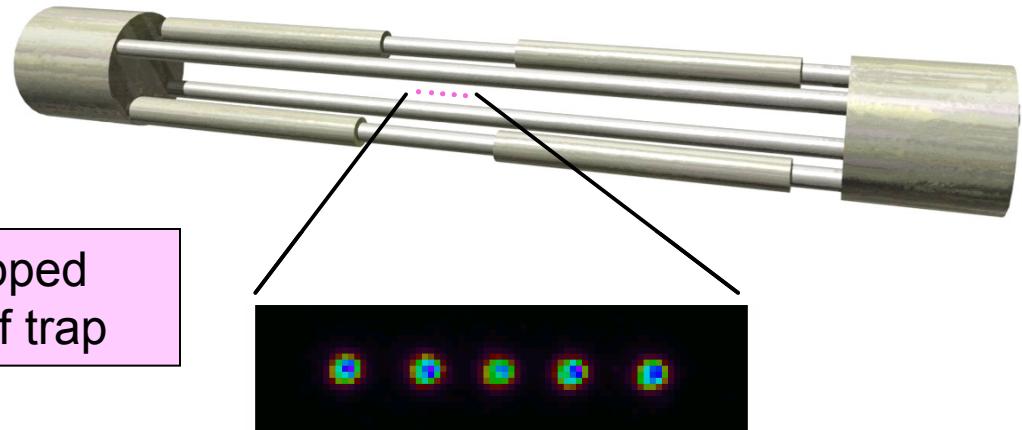
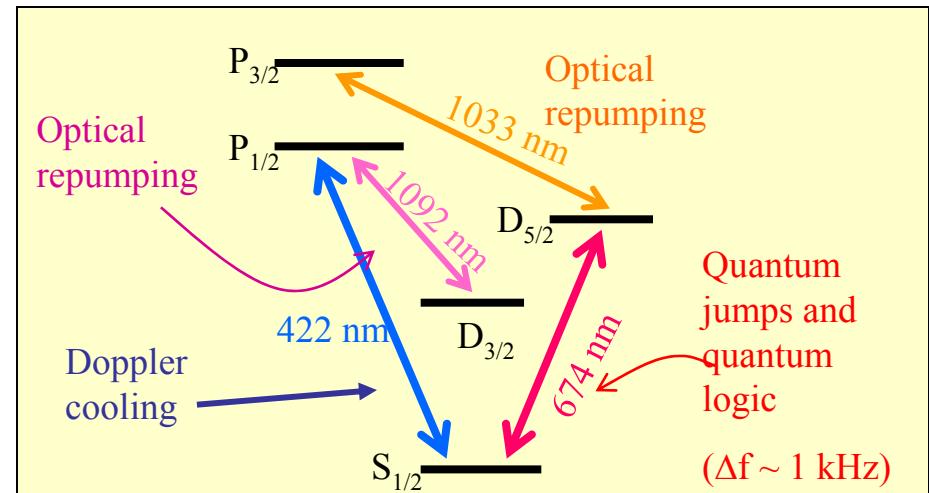
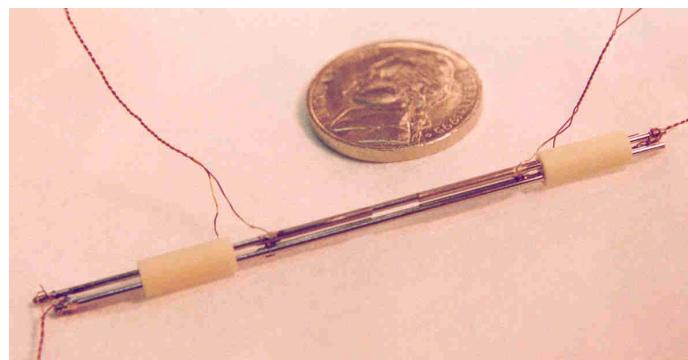
Xin Xin Zhao

Dave Vieira

Trapped Strontium Ions



~ 40 ions in our trap



Introduction to Quantum Simulations

The Problem (posed by Feynman 1982)

Quantum systems are exponentially complex:

40 spin $\frac{1}{2}$ systems need $2^{40} \times 2^{40} = 10^{24}$ coefficients

Present calculations are limited:

Deterministic algorithms: 32 spins

Non-deterministic algorithms: 100 x 100 spins

Classical computer,
distressed physicist



Quantum simulator, happy
physicist



The Solution

(proposed by Feynman and revisited by Lloyd 1992)

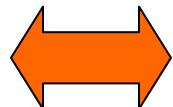
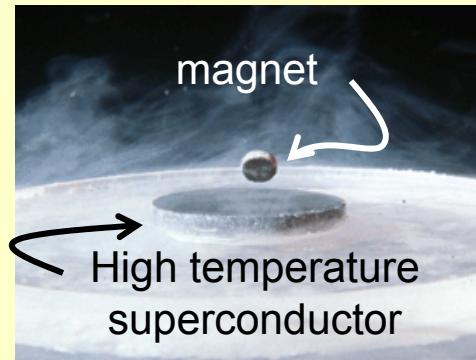
Simulate on another multi-body quantum system

Trapped ions map onto condensed matter paradigms
(realized separately by Cirac, Milburn, 2004)

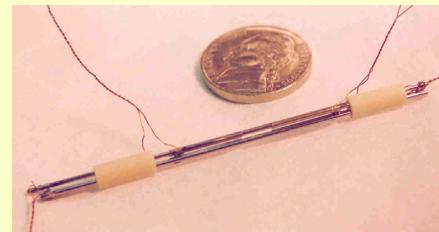
Trapped ions more ideal than real materials

What is a Quantum Simulator?

Real physical system
we don't understand
(e.g. high T_c superconductor)

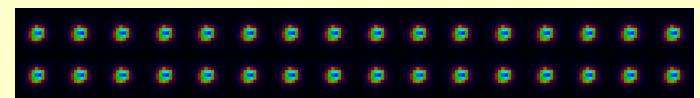


Tightly controlled system

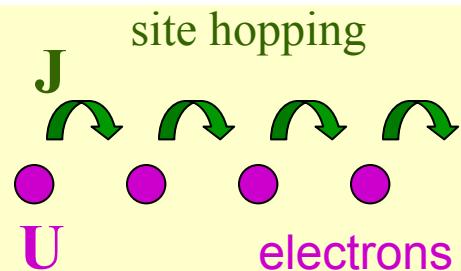


$^{88}\text{Sr}^+$ ion
spin-1/2
particle

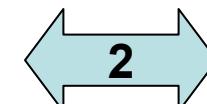
Proposed
ion array w/
laser forces



Propose a particle model
we can't fully explore

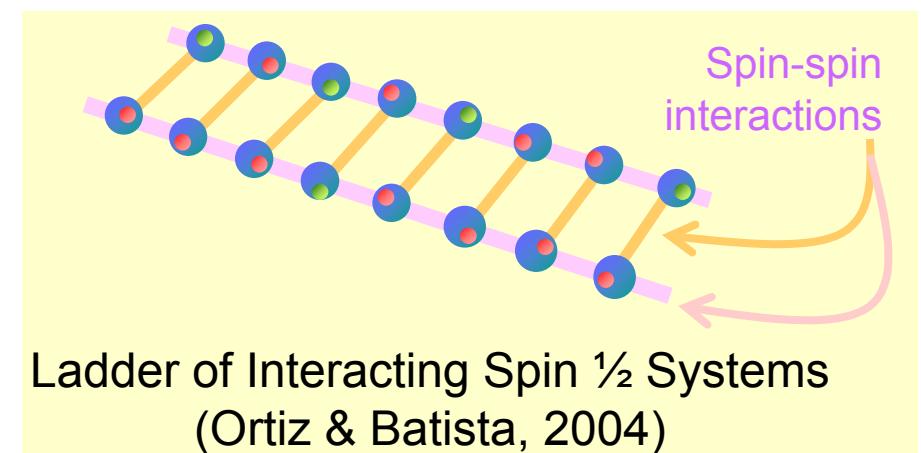


Hubbard Model



Jordan-Wigner
transformation
to a spin model

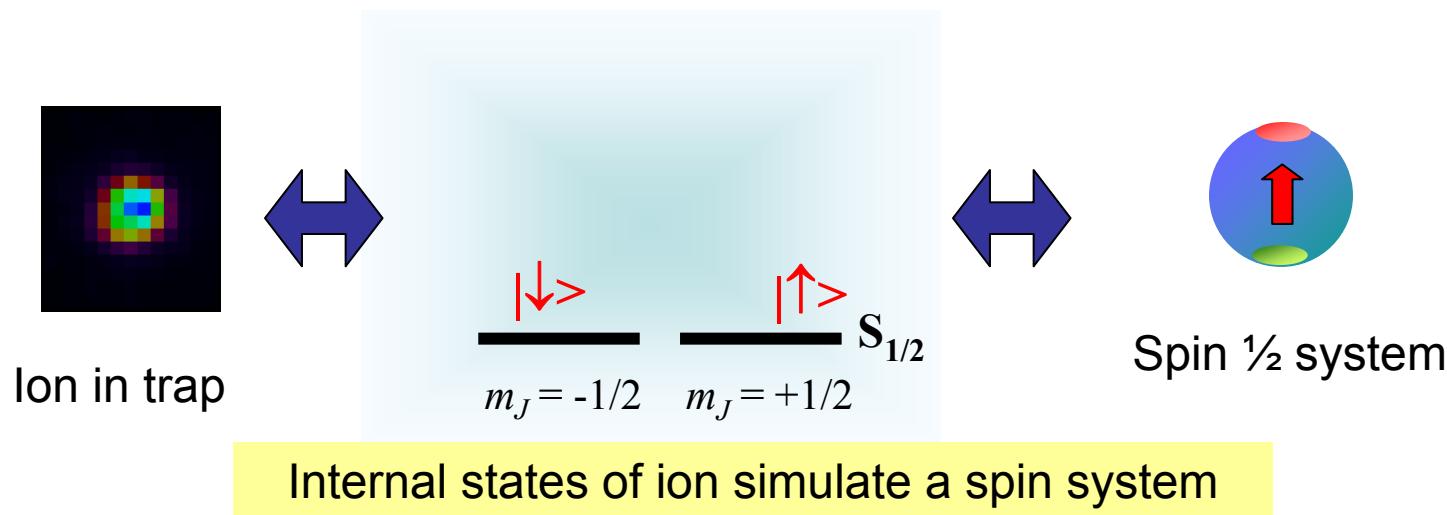
Trapped ions and laser forces
simulate a spin model we *can* control



Ladder of Interacting Spin $\frac{1}{2}$ Systems
(Ortiz & Batista, 2004)

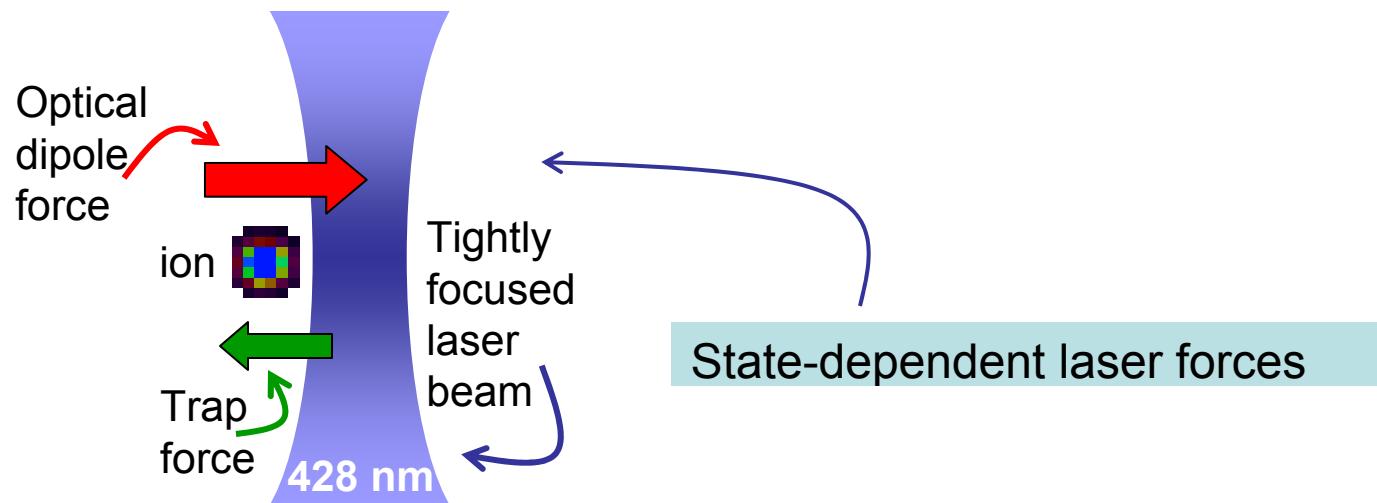
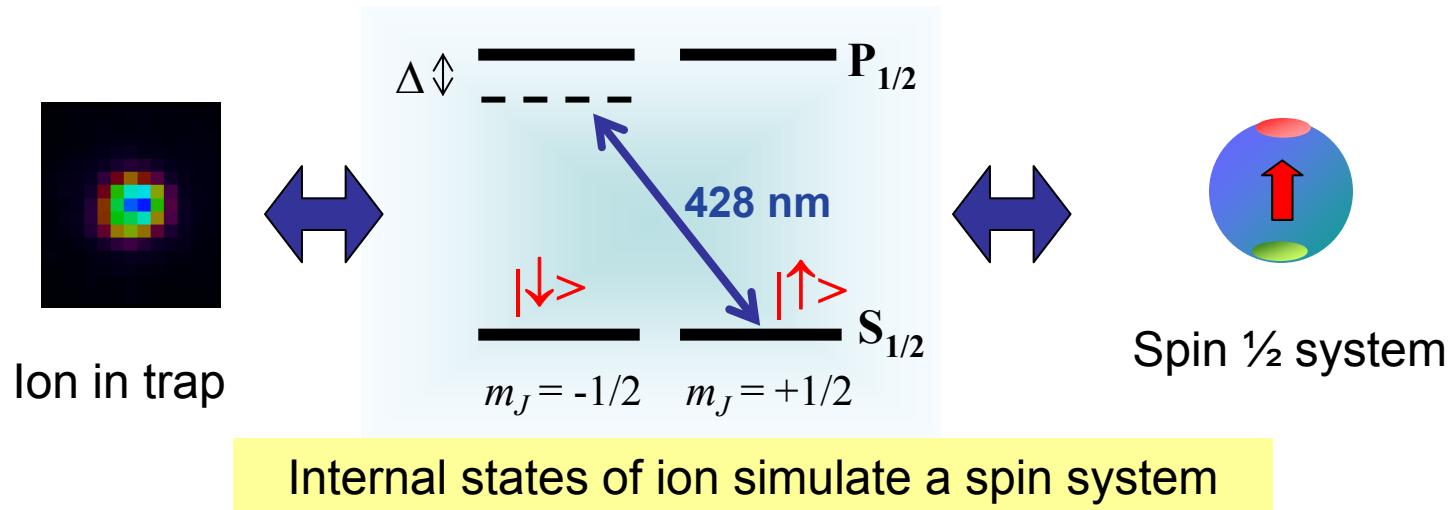
Physics of Ion Trap Quantum Simulators

(Porras & Cirac 2004)



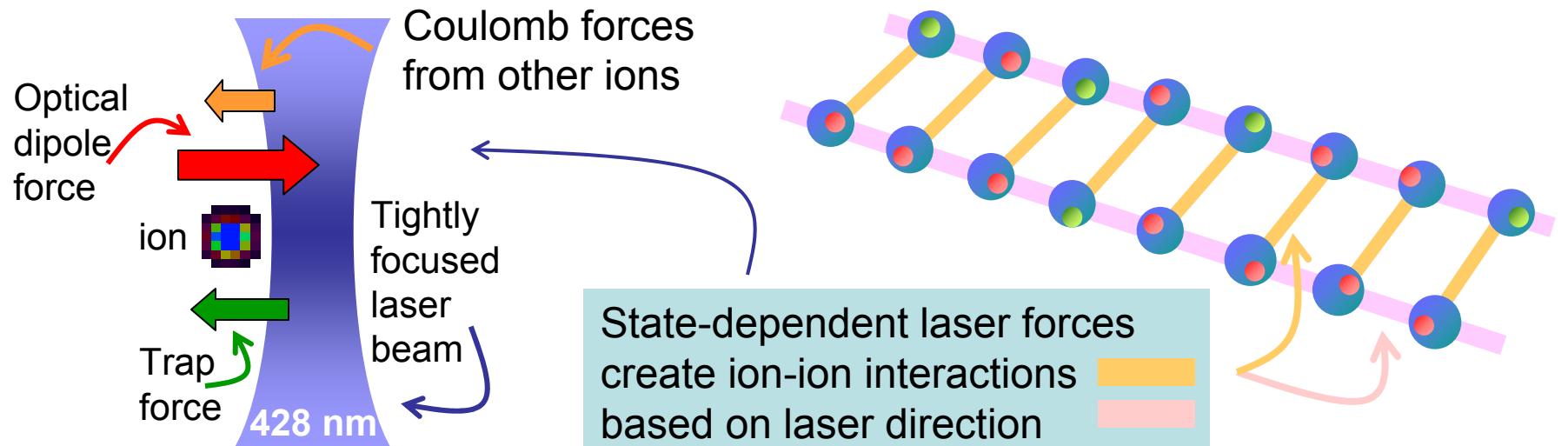
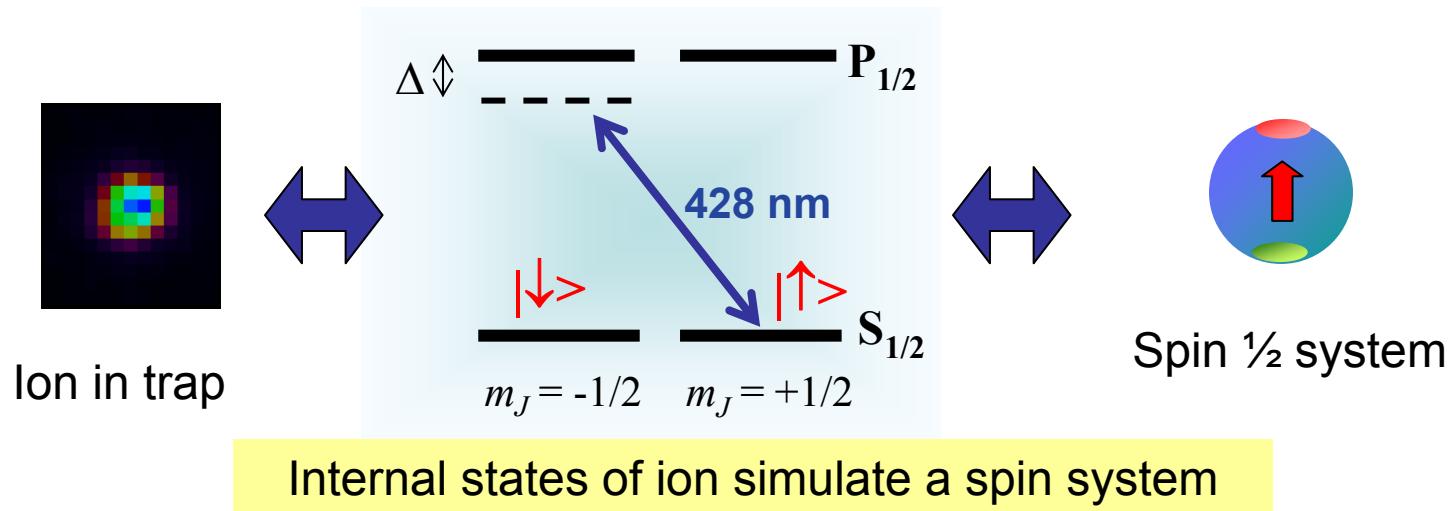
Physics of Ion Trap Quantum Simulators

(Porras & Cirac 2004)



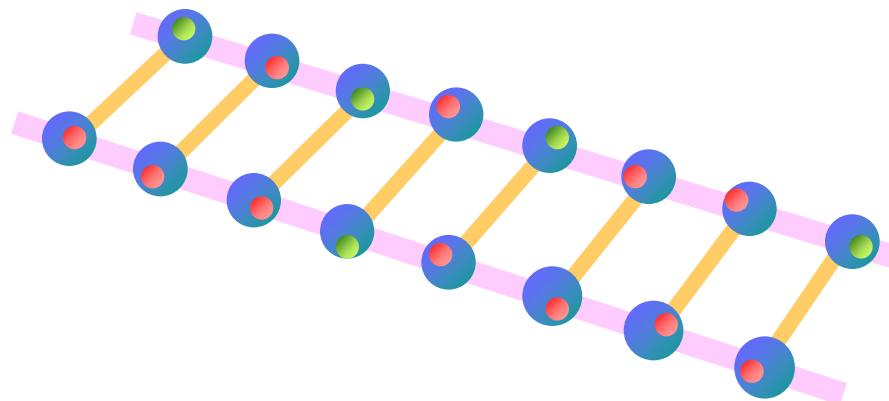
Physics of Ion Trap Quantum Simulators

(Porras & Cirac 2004)



Simulations Microfab Needs

To make and control large arrays of ions like this:



We need traps that:

Have 10s of separate potentials for each ion

Assemble precisely

Are compatible with dense electrical and optical I/O

UHV (10^{-11} Torr) compatible

Relation to Quantum Computing

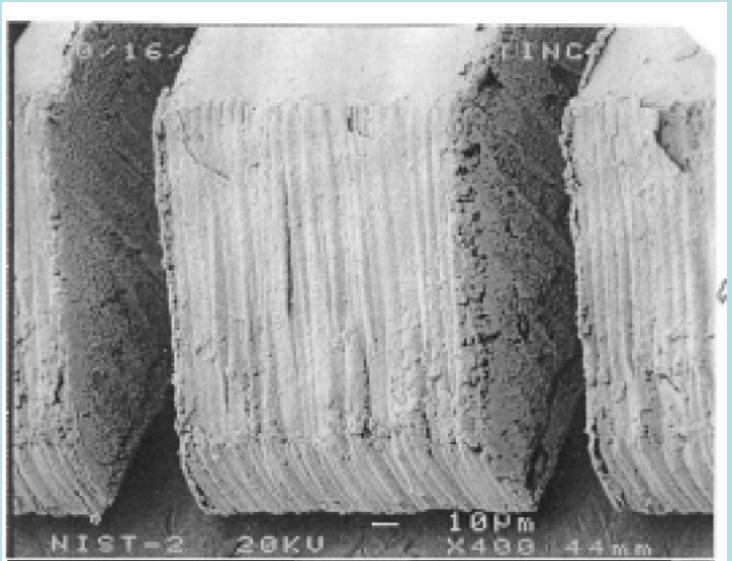
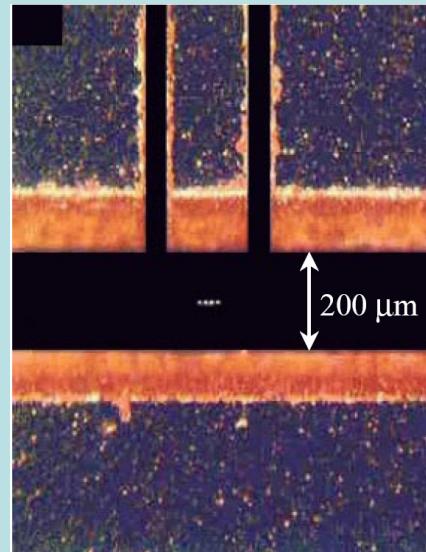
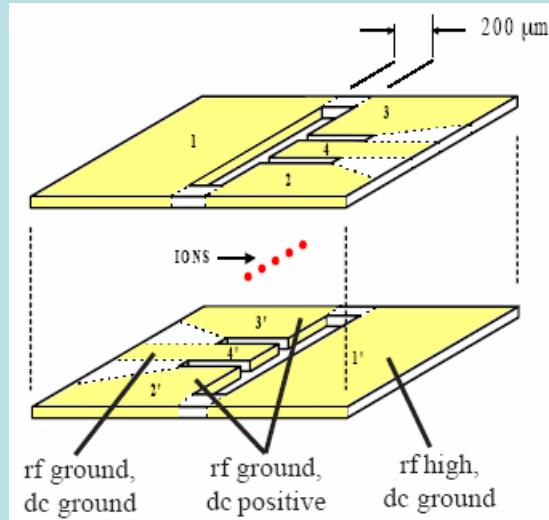
Quantum Computer	Quantum Simulator
Universal	Configured for one particular problem (use Ising and Heisenberg XYZ models for material science problems)
Must solve all DiVincenzo commandments <i>I. Scalable set of qubits</i> <i>II. Easy initialization</i> <i>III. Universal operations</i> <i>IV. Long decoherence time</i> <i>V. Easy final readout</i>	Meets only some DiVincenzo commandments <i>I. Scalable set of qubits</i> <i>II. Easy initialization</i> <i>III. Universal operations</i> <i>IV. Long decoherence time</i> <i>V. Easy final readout</i>
Need error correction	No error correction for 30-50 spins
State of the art is 4 ions	Work with 30-50 ions
Heavy engineering requirements eventually	Forced to solve engineering requirements - trap fabrication - electrical and optical I/O - micro-optics

Mechanical traps

Hard to align electrodes
Rough surfaces
High heating rates

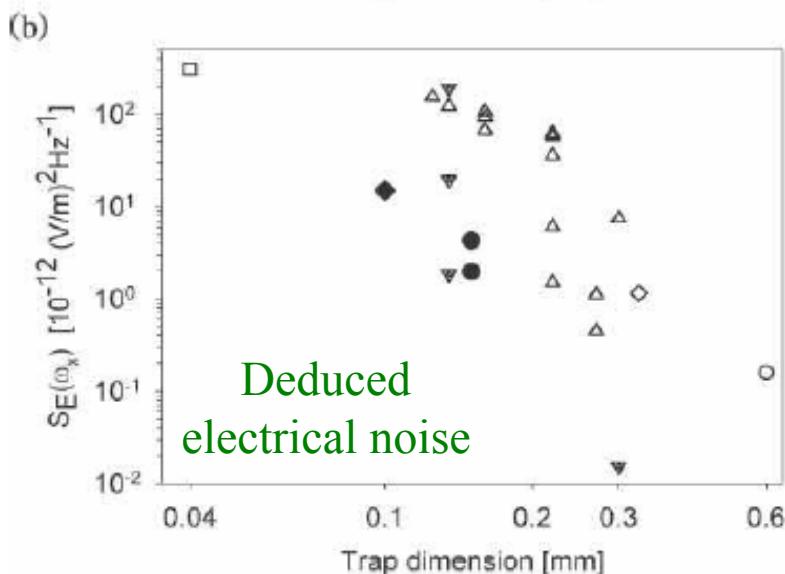
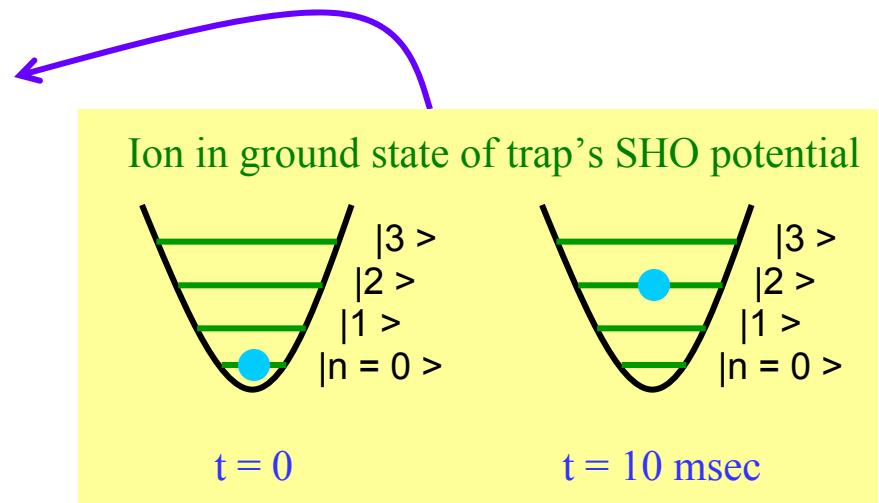
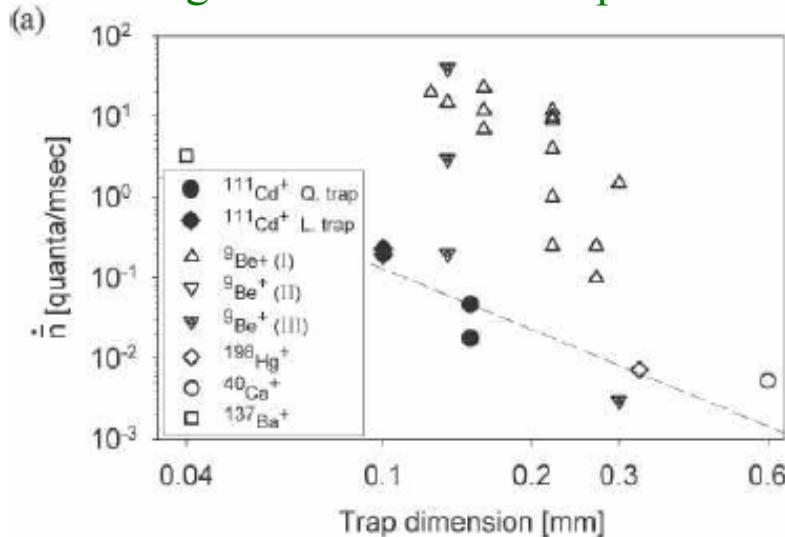
So: Practical quantum computation
Large quantum simulations

NIST



Decoherence: NOT understood or controlled

Heating rate for different experiments



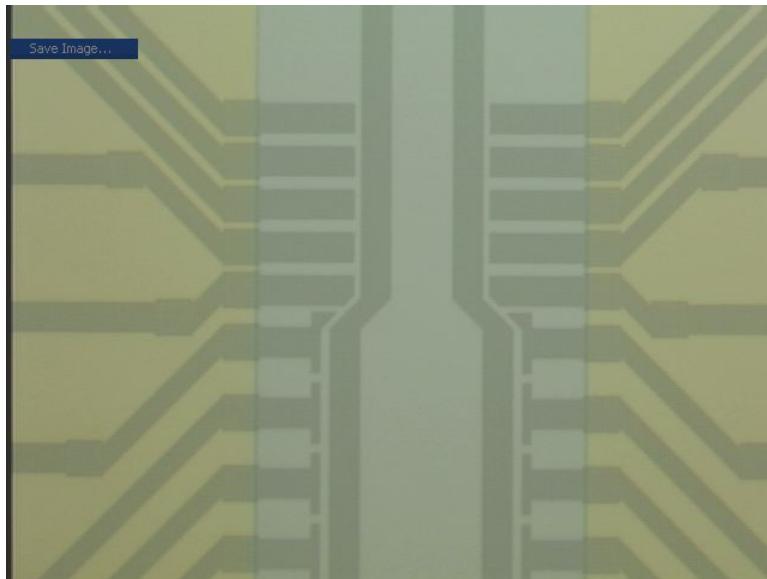
Need more data points, with different traps and different ions.

Would help to have a device to measure electric field noise without trapping ions.

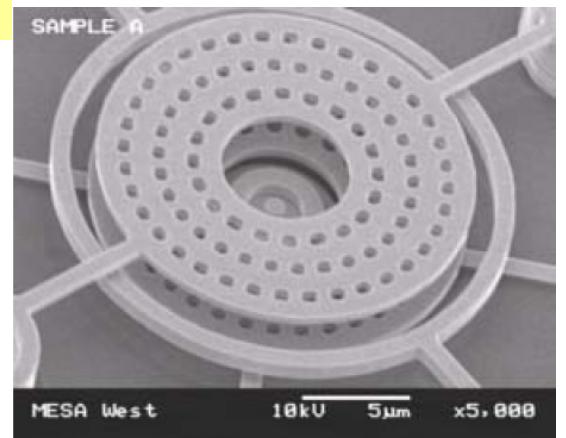
Microfabricated ion traps

Ion trapping (LANL) + microfabrication (SNL)
= effective collaboration

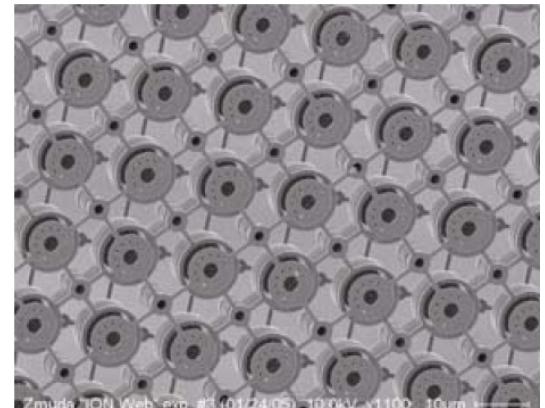
- SNL tungsten deposition process
- Creates large, monolithic arrays of small ion traps
- Extremely clean and smooth electrode surfaces
- Larger, more complex quasi-3-D traps for simulations



New LANL/SNL segmented linear rf trap



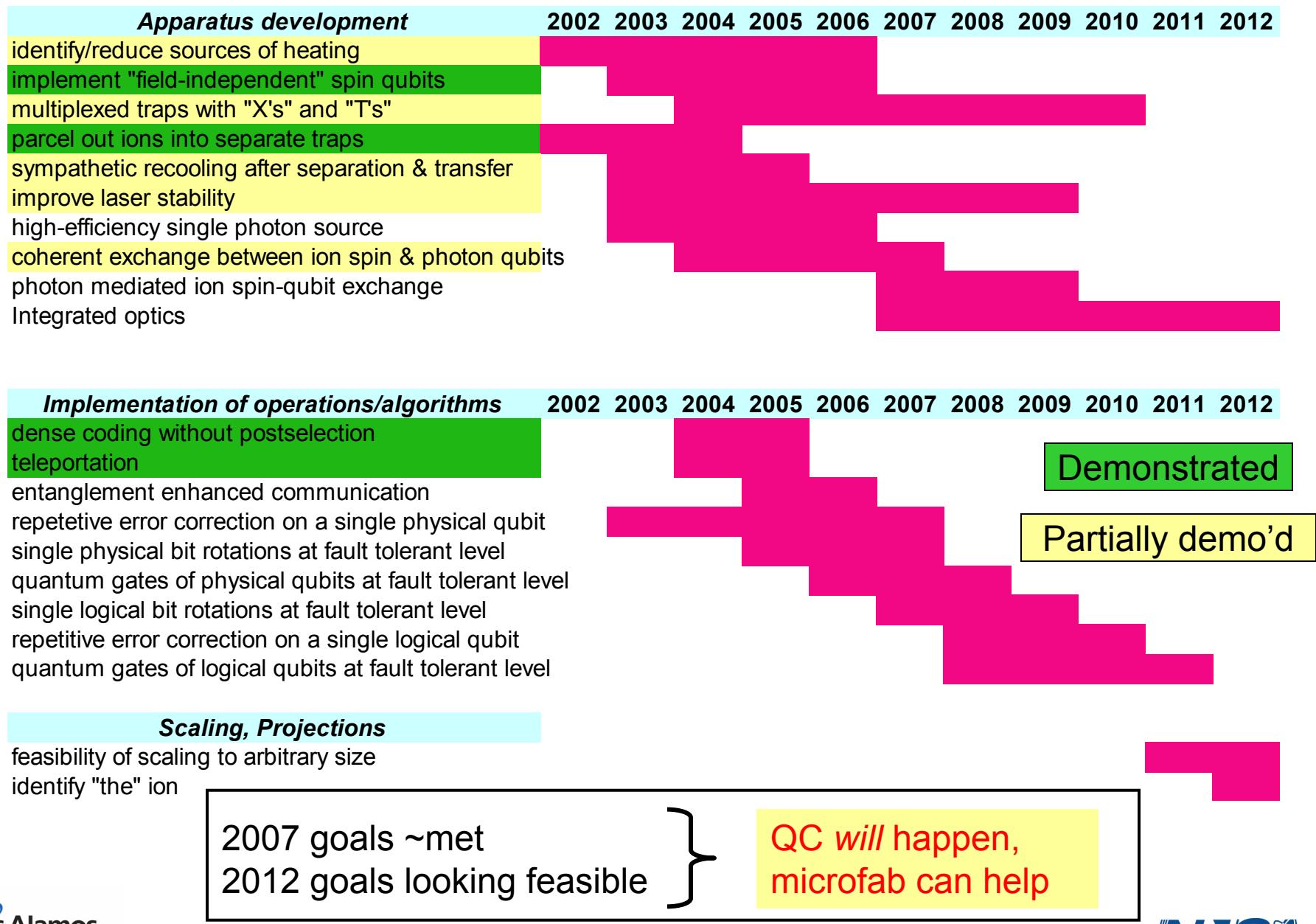
Single cylindrical rf ion trap



Section of ion trap array

World-wide progress on Ion Trap QC

Time-line from ARDA Roadmap



Some Microfabrication Wishes

Pristine electrodes that are precisely aligned

Complex traps

(many separately controlled potentials and junctions)

Micro-sensor to monitor electric field noise

Micro-optics for individual ion readout

more more more....